



Daffodil International University
Department of Computer Science & Engineering
Fall 2024

Quiz 1

Course Title: OOP

Time: 40 minutes

Course Code: CSE221

Marks: 15

Answer all the questions:

- ✓ 1. Define Class and Object with appropriate example. 3
2. Write down detail objects of "University" and find their inter-connection. 4
3. Write down the UML (Unified Modeling Language) representation of "University" class. 2
- ✓ 4. Correct the errors (if any) from the following code given below and find the output also. 6

[Hint: Underline the places where error occurs]

```
public Class NewClass {  
    Double maximum = 100f;  
    static int var = 75;  
  
    public Static void main(String[] args) ✓  
    {  
        int a = 30; b = 10;  
        system.out.print(a/b);  
        NewClass obj = New NewClass( );  
        System.out.print(obj.maximum);  
        System.out.print(var);  
        Sum( );  
    }  
    Public static void sum( )  
    {  
        NewClass obj = new NewClass();  
        System.out.print(obj maximum);  
        System.in.print(var);  
    }  
}
```

3 100 75 125

Thank you for your participation

(Handwritten signature)

1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) (Each question carries 1 mark) [3 marks].

- i. Which of the following concepts is related to the idea of one object behaving differently in different contexts?
 - a. Inheritance b. Abstraction c. Encapsulation **d. Polymorphism (2)**
- ii. Which of these is NOT a primitive data type in Java?
 - a. Boolean b. float **c. String** d. char
- iii. Which keyword is used in Java to prevent a method from being overridden in a subclass?
 - a. static b. final c. private d. public

2. Short Answer Questions (Each question carries 1.5 marks) [3 marks].

- a. Explain the concept of polymorphism in Object-Oriented Programming.
 - b. What is the significance of the static keyword in Java?
3. Consider the following Java code, identify any errors, and provide corrections. Additionally, explain the cause of the errors and why they occurred. [3 marks].

```

1 class Example {
2     int instanceVar = 10;
3     static int staticVar = 20;
4
5     public void display() {
6         int instancVar = 30;
7         System.out.println(instanceVar);
8         System.out.println(instanceVar);
9         System.out.println(staticVar);
10    }
11    public void anotherMethod() {
12        System.out.println(instancVar);
13    }
14 }
  
```

(Handwritten note: 3 errors)

(Handwritten note: 2 (w) Answer → subsg)

4. Write a Java program that defines a class Rectangle with instance variables for length and width. Create a method to calculate and return the area of the rectangle. Then, demonstrate the usage of this class by creating an object and printing its area. Also draw the basic UML of this program. [6 marks]

(Handwritten note: ?)

Instructions: You must take input from the user, add error handling to ensure the length and width values are positive.



CSE 221: Object Oriented Programming

Total Marks: 15 Time: 40 mins

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1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) (Each question carries 1 mark) [3 marks].

i. What is an instance variable in Java?

- a. A variable that is shared by all instances of a class
- b. A variable declared inside a method
- c. A variable that belongs to an instance of a class
- d. A variable declared with the `final` keyword

ii. Which of the following access modifiers provides the widest scope?

- a. Private b. Default c. Protected d. Public

iii. Which of the following statements is true about polymorphism in OOP?

- a. It allows objects of different classes to respond to the same method call in different ways
- b. It is the process of hiding implementation details
- c. It allows one class to inherit properties from another class
- d. It only works in non-OOP languages

2. Short Answer Questions (Each question carries 1.5 marks) [3 marks].

- a. Explain the concept of encapsulation in Object-Oriented Programming.
- b. What is the significance of the `static` keyword in Java?

3. Consider the following Java code and identify the errors [3 marks].

```
1- class Example {  
2     int instanceVar = 10;  
3     static int staticVar = 20;  
4  
5-     public void display() {  
6         int instancVar = 30;  
7         System.out.println(instancVar);  
8         System.out.println(instanceVar);  
9         System.out.println(staticVar);  
10    }  
11-     public void anotherMethod() {  
12         System.out.println(instancVar);  
13    }  
14 }
```

Instructions: Identify and correct the error in the above code and explain why the error occurred.

4. Write a Java program that defines a class `Box` with instance variables for height, width, and depth. Create a method to calculate and return the volume of the box. Finally, demonstrate the usage of this class by creating an object and printing its volume. Also draw the **basic UML** of this program. [6 marks]

Instructions: You must take input from the user, add comments in your code to explain the use of instance variables and methods.



Daffodil International University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Course Name: Object-oriented programming (OOP)

Course Code: CSE 221

Quiz 01

20 Minutes

SL	Question	Marks	
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explain the concept of a class and an object in Object-Oriented Programming (OOP). Provide a simple example in a programming language of your choice to demonstrate the relationship between a class and an object. Convert this UML to java Code and Display height,width and location of a Square <pre> classDiagram class Lines { # location: int + Shape (int) + display(): void } class Square { - height: int - width: int + Rectangle (int, int) + display(): void + main (String []): void } Lines < -- Square </pre>	3+4	
2	<p>Find output:</p> <pre> 1. void myshow(); void main(){ myshow(); myshow(); myshow(); } void myshow(){ static int k=20; printf("%d",k) k++; } </pre>	<pre> 2. void main(){ int a=14; while(a<20){ ++a; if(a>=16 && a<=18) continue; printf("%d",a); } } </pre>	4+4

Quiz-1

CSE 221

Object Oriented Programming

Time: 50 minutes

Date: 12/9/24

Section: 64-H

1. Write down the differences between property and methods. 3
2. Imagine an online bookstore that calculates the total price of items in different ways based on customer needs. Sometimes the customer buys a single book, and sometimes they buy multiple books at once. The bookstore has to handle both situations using an overloaded method.
Write down code for the given scenario, and also make an UML Diagram for the code. 7
3. How many modifiers in java? Write down all the type of the modifiers. 3
4. Why class is called a blueprint? 2