



Daffodil International University
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
Faculty of Engineering
Final-Term Examination, Fall -2024

Course Code:0713-111

Section: A, B, C, D, E & F

Full Marks: 40

Course Title: Electrical Circuits I

Level-Term: L1-T1

Exam Date: December 17, 2024

Teacher's Initial: MAH, KZ

Time: 2:00 Hours

[Notes: Answer all the following questions.

CO's represent one of the learning outcome of the course.

Figures on the right hand side indicate marks allocated for the questions.]

- Q1(a) For the circuit in Fig.1, $i(t) = 4(2 - e^{-10t})$ mA. If $i_2(0) = -1$ mA, find: (a) $i_1(0)$; (b) $v(t)$, $v_1(t)$, and $v_2(t)$; (c) $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$

Marks
CO-3 [5]
(C4)

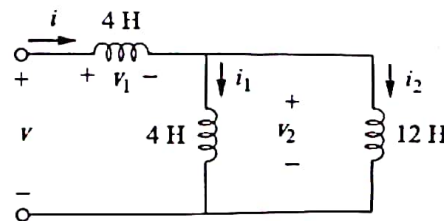


Fig.1

- (b) In Fig.2, the switch has been closed for a long time and is opened at $t = 0$. Find i and v for all time.

CO-3 [5]
(C4)

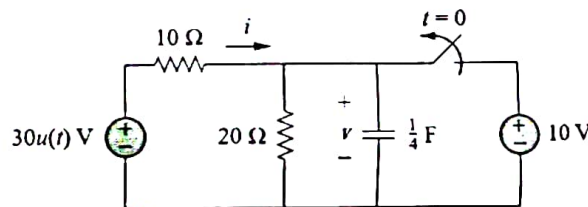


Fig.2

- Q2(a) Prove the conversion: $R_\Delta = 3R_Y$.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

- (b) Find the total resistance of the Fig.3 where $R_A = 3\Omega$, $R_B = 3\Omega$, and $R_C = 6\Omega$.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

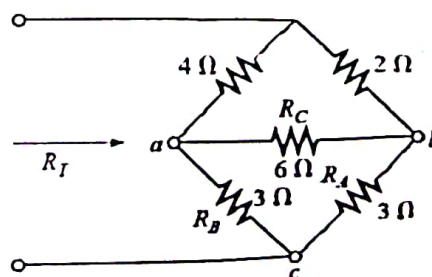


Fig.3

Q3(a) Find V_x in Fig.4 using source transformation.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

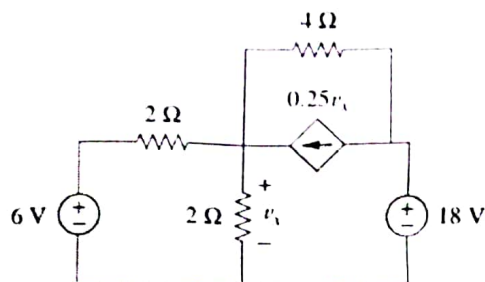


Fig.4

(b) Find the Norton equivalent circuit for the circuit in Fig.5 at terminals a-b.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

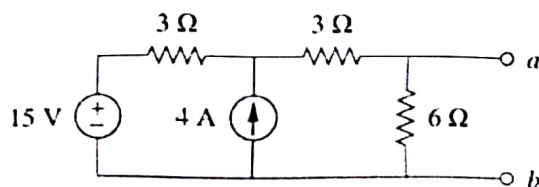


Fig.5

Q4(a) Prove that maximum power is transferred to the load when the load resistance equals the Thevenin resistance as seen from the load ($R_L = R_{TH}$) and also find the equation of maximum power delivered to the load.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

(b) Determine the value of R_L that will draw the maximum power from the rest of the circuit in Fig.6. Calculate the maximum power.

CO-2 [5]
(C3)

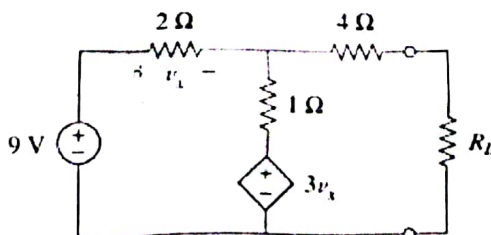


Fig.6

R_L = R_{th} then the equation of max. power