

3.	a)	<p>The following jobs are to be loaded into memory using fixed partitioning.</p> <table><tr><th>Job</th><th>Size</th><th>Turnaround</th><th>Block</th><th>Size</th></tr><tr><td>Job 1</td><td>20k</td><td>1</td><td>Block 1</td><td>45k</td></tr><tr><td>Job 2</td><td>85k</td><td>3</td><td>Block 2</td><td>100k</td></tr><tr><td>Job 3</td><td>40k</td><td>2</td><td>Block 3</td><td>60k</td></tr><tr><td>Job 4</td><td>12k</td><td>1</td><td>Block 4</td><td>80k</td></tr><tr><td>Job 5</td><td>50k</td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Job 6</td><td>75k</td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Job 7</td><td>30k</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Job 8</td><td>95k</td><td>3</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <p>At each cycle 4 jobs can be allocated in the memory blocks. Solve the problem using <u>Worst Fit</u> memory allocation method.</p>	Job	Size	Turnaround	Block	Size	Job 1	20k	1	Block 1	45k	Job 2	85k	3	Block 2	100k	Job 3	40k	2	Block 3	60k	Job 4	12k	1	Block 4	80k	Job 5	50k	2			Job 6	75k	3			Job 7	30k	1			Job 8	95k	3			[4]	CO3
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	b)	<p>Identify the problem arises in the memory allocation method stated in 3(a) and choose the solution of it.</p>	[4]																																														
4.	a)	<p>Given a sequence of page references, a number of available frames, and the following page replacement algorithms: [1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,2,1,2,3,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6]</p> <p>Apply FIFO page replacement algorithm to determine the number of page faults with frame sizes 2, 3 and 4 and construct the graph (page faults vs frame size) to visualize Belady's anomaly.</p>	[4]	CO3																																													
	b)	<p>The system's memory is divided into fixed-size pages, with each process allocated 6 pages. The page table for a customer's session contains the following entries:</p> <table><tr><th>Logical Page Number</th><th>Frame Number</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr></table> <p>The system's page size is 16 bytes. Logical address space is 512 bytes and physical address space is 256 bytes. Given the following logical addresses: 5, 130, 210, 300. List the physical addresses using the page table provided and the steps in handling those page faults with appropriate diagram.</p>	Logical Page Number	Frame Number	0	3	1	2	2	1	3	0	4	7	5	6	[7]	CO4																															
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5.	a)	<p>A large organization's server experiences high disk I/O requests due to simultaneous access from multiple users. Given a queue of requests: 2, 45, 93, 183, 37, 16, 127, 67, 153, 217, 10, 239, an initial head position at 73 and a disk of 250 cylinders (0-249). Assume each cylinder traversal takes 0.25 milliseconds. Compare each disk scheduling algorithm's (SSTF, LOOK and C-LOOK) impact on access time and total head movement, apply decreasing order procedure.</p>	[5]	CO4																																													